

Regional CBFM workshop

Session 4: Compliance, Surveillance and Enforcement for Community-based Fisheries Management Systems

Tanoa International Hotel
29 April – 3rd May

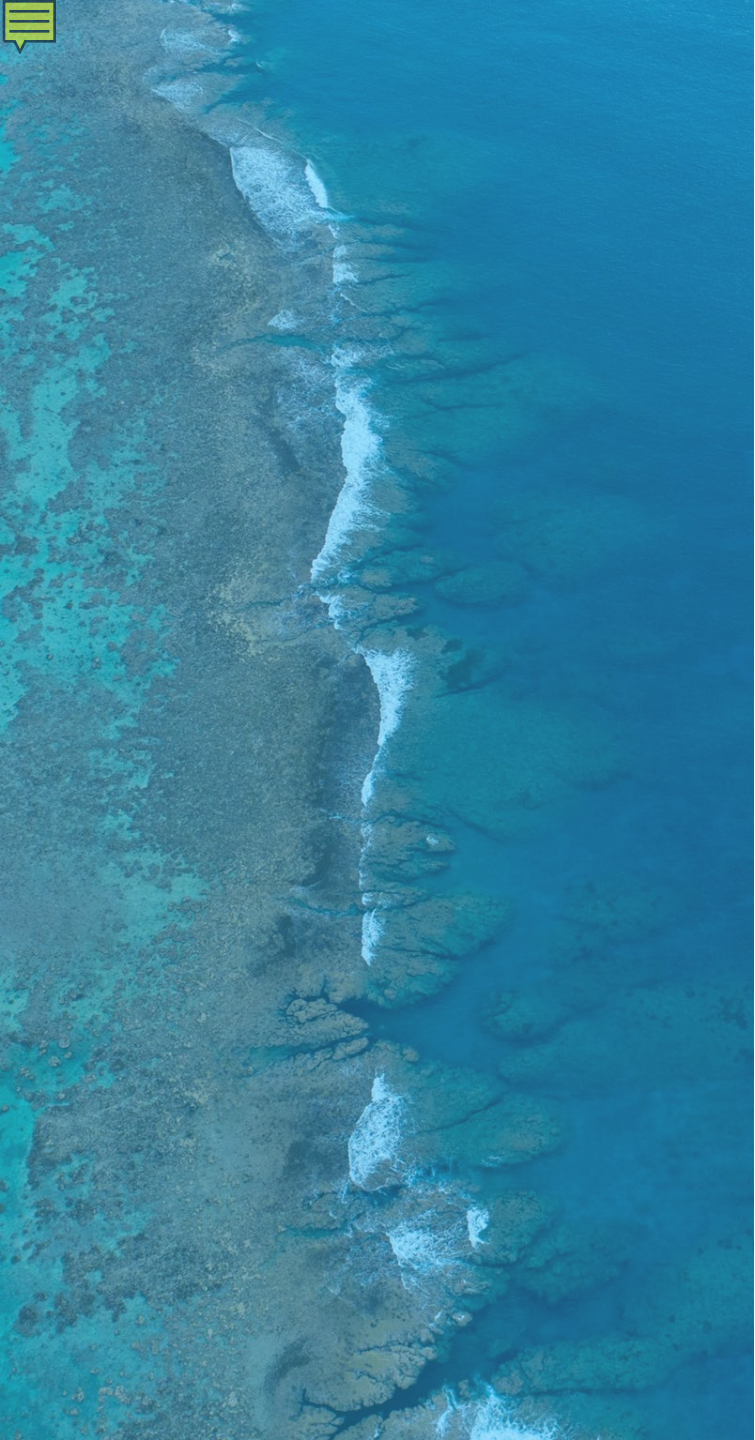


Session objectives

- To distinguish the major actors who are not in compliance and what the causes of these contraventions are.
- To discuss the appropriate or potential responses to different challenges.

Outline

- MCS&E linkages to the CBFM Framework for action.
- MCS&E issues that a community may face.
- The voluntary, assisted, directed, and enforced (VADE) model.



Compliance, surveillance, and enforcement

- Important aspect for fisheries management
- Ensure compliance to fisheries rules or regulations



OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES OF THE FRAMEWORK

CBFM DIRECT ACTIONS

Scaling up actions

Information, awareness and communication



All coastal communities and relevant stakeholders have sufficient, regular and timely information to support resource management and build community resilience

Coastal communities empowered:

- to provide feedback and information to **government**, raise concerns, contribute to decision making, inform policy and
- share experiences with other **communities** and **stakeholders**

Adequate number of priority communities are **directly supported** to sustainably manage marine resources to have noticeable impact on human wellbeing and health of fisheries

Joint action with communities



Local communities have the means of **tools** and **capacity** to monitor and enforce national or community management rules in collaboration with national or subnational authorities

Outcomes (What will it look like?)

OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES OF THE FRAMEWORK

CBFM ENABLING ACTIONS

Scaling up actions

Organisational and individual capacity



Adequate **coordination** mechanisms support scaling up of CBFM

Management policy, legislation and operational guidance



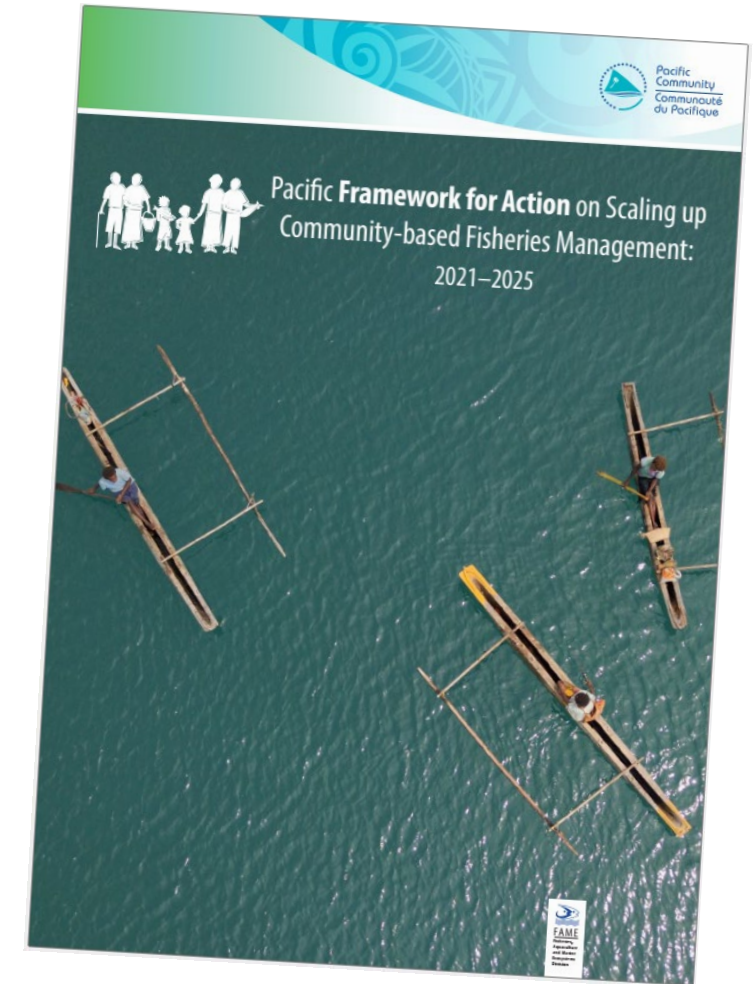
User rights and **CBFM mandate**, and **framework** are clear and supported, both directly and indirectly in legislation, policies and plans at national, sub-national and local level
MCS&E is adequately regulated and implemented across all levels, including by community and other authorised officers in their respective coastal areas as appropriate

Ecosystem and inclusive approaches



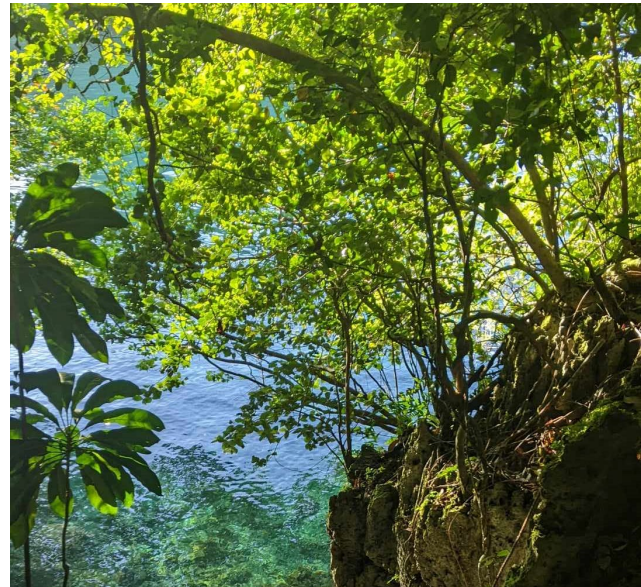
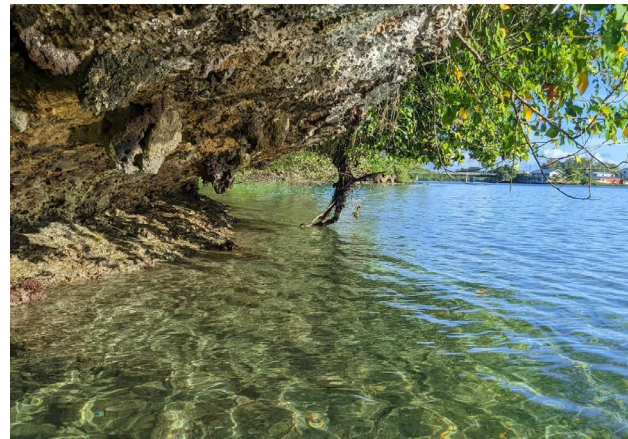
Effective mechanisms are in place for identification of external or **non-fisheries threats** and their resolution/mitigation
All community members (men, women, youth and marginalised groups) are involved in **transparent decision making** and **equitably access benefits**

Outcomes (What will it look like?)



MCS&E Issues

- Limited Resources
- Geographic Challenges
- Degenerative fishing practices (IUU, overfishing, underreporting, overreporting)
- Community buy-in
- Managing expectations and dealing with misconceptions
- Coordination Among Stakeholders
- Competing dynamics
- Political will





Compliance Strategy

- **Most aspects of MCS work require an intervention...apply the VADE model**
- V.A.D.E. – what do we mean?
- International Model for labelling the compliance process (not just fisheries)

V = Voluntary

A = Assisted

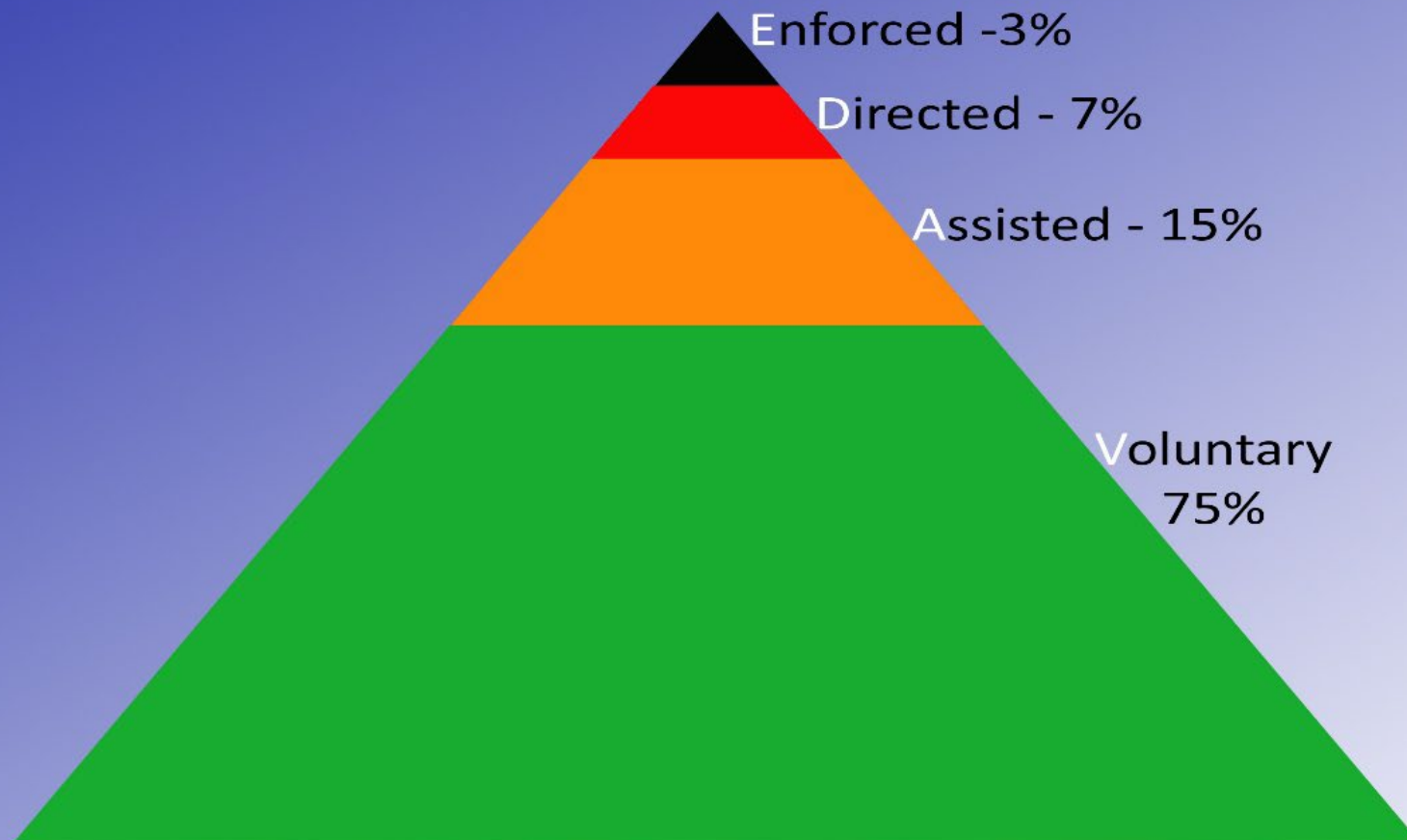
D = Directed

E = Enforced

- Intervention method progressively changes
 - ‘V’ is *‘somewhat forgiving’* through to ‘E’ which is *‘not so forgiving’*

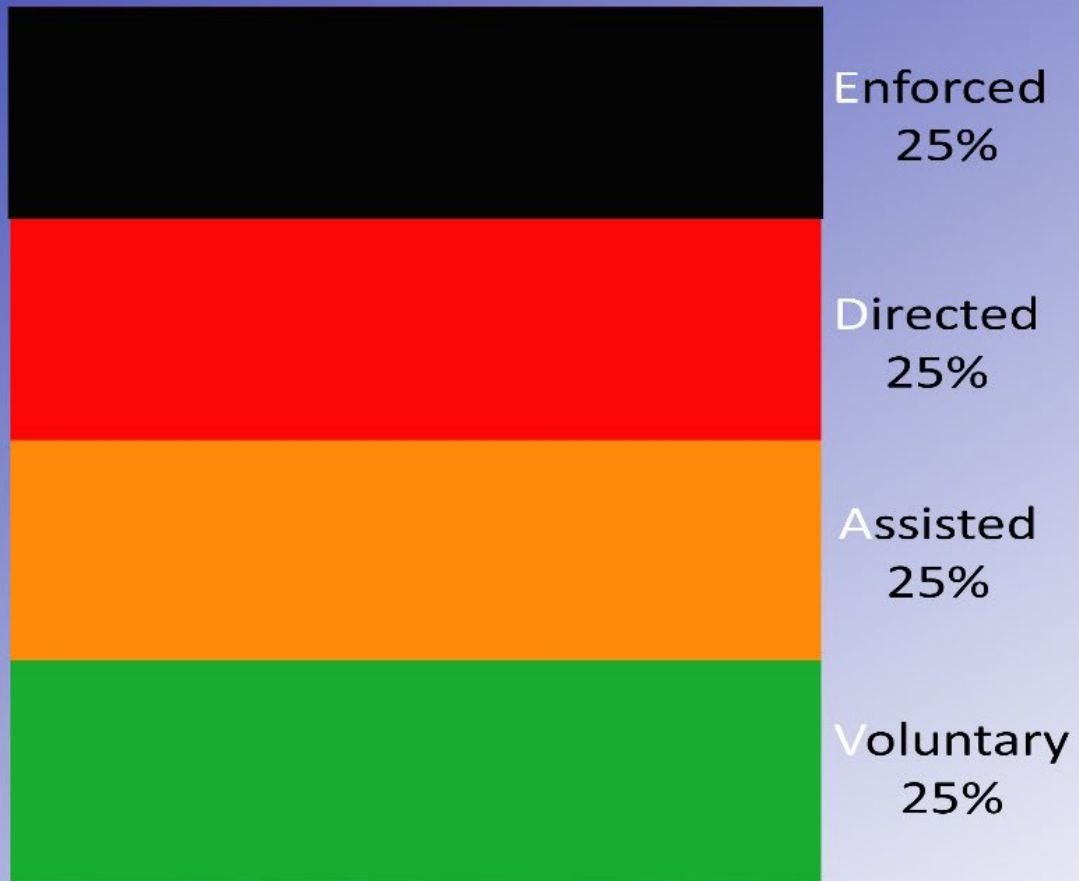


Desired



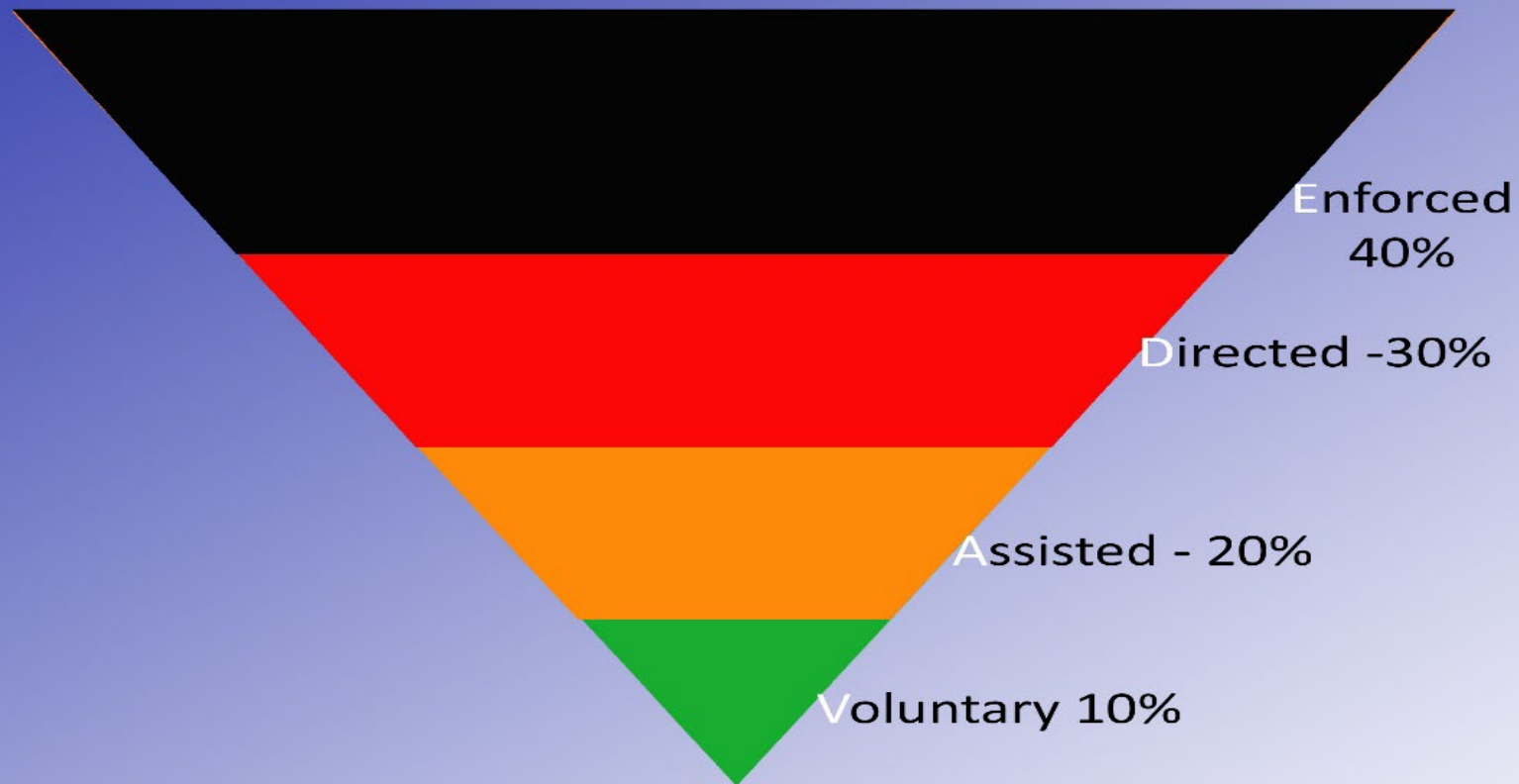


Not Good

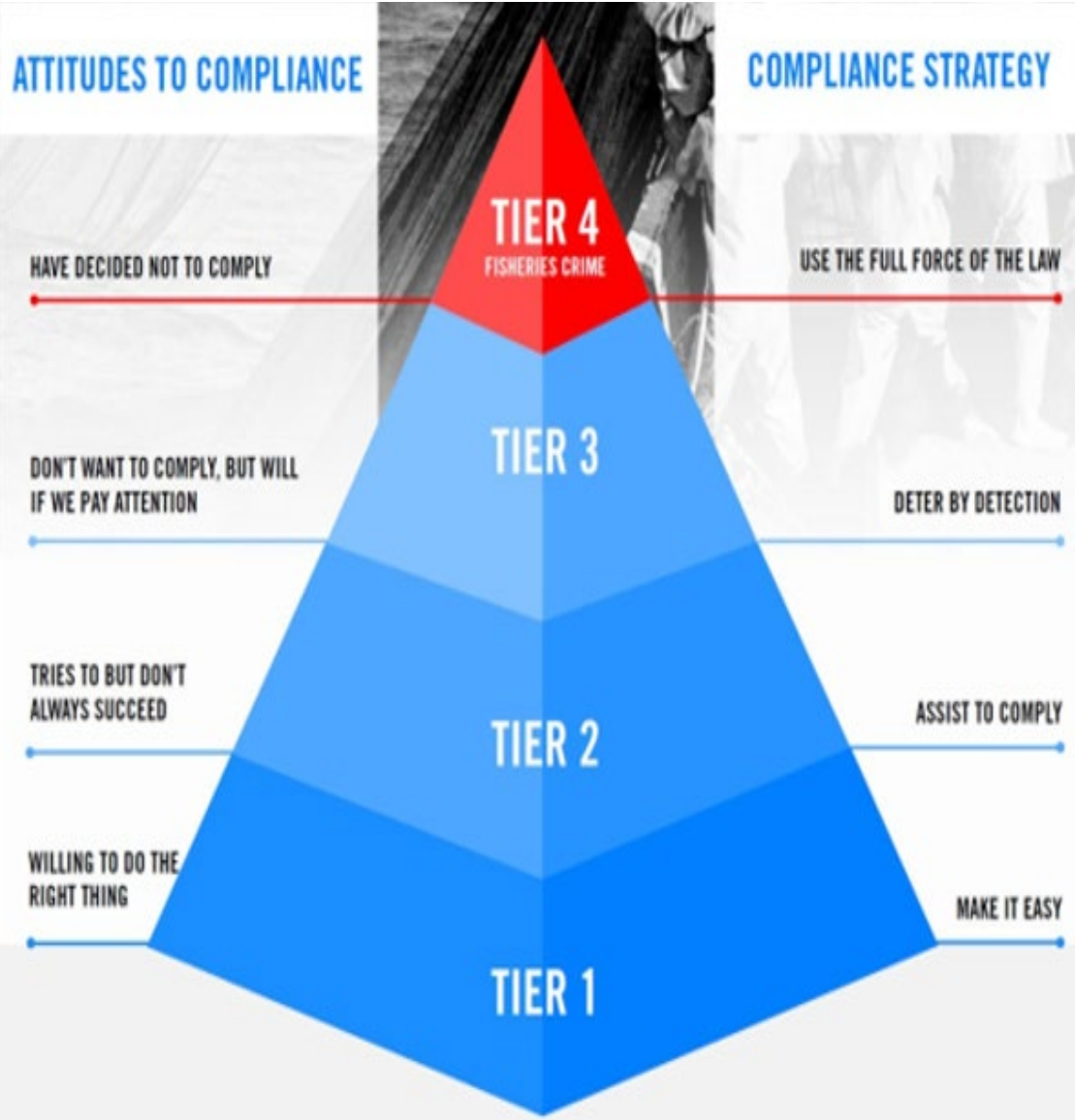




Not This!

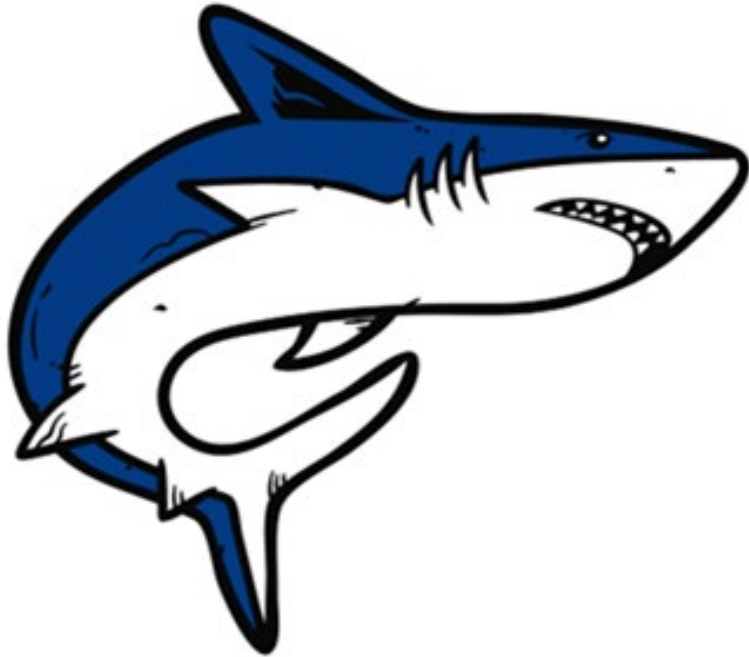


Fisheries Compliance Strategy



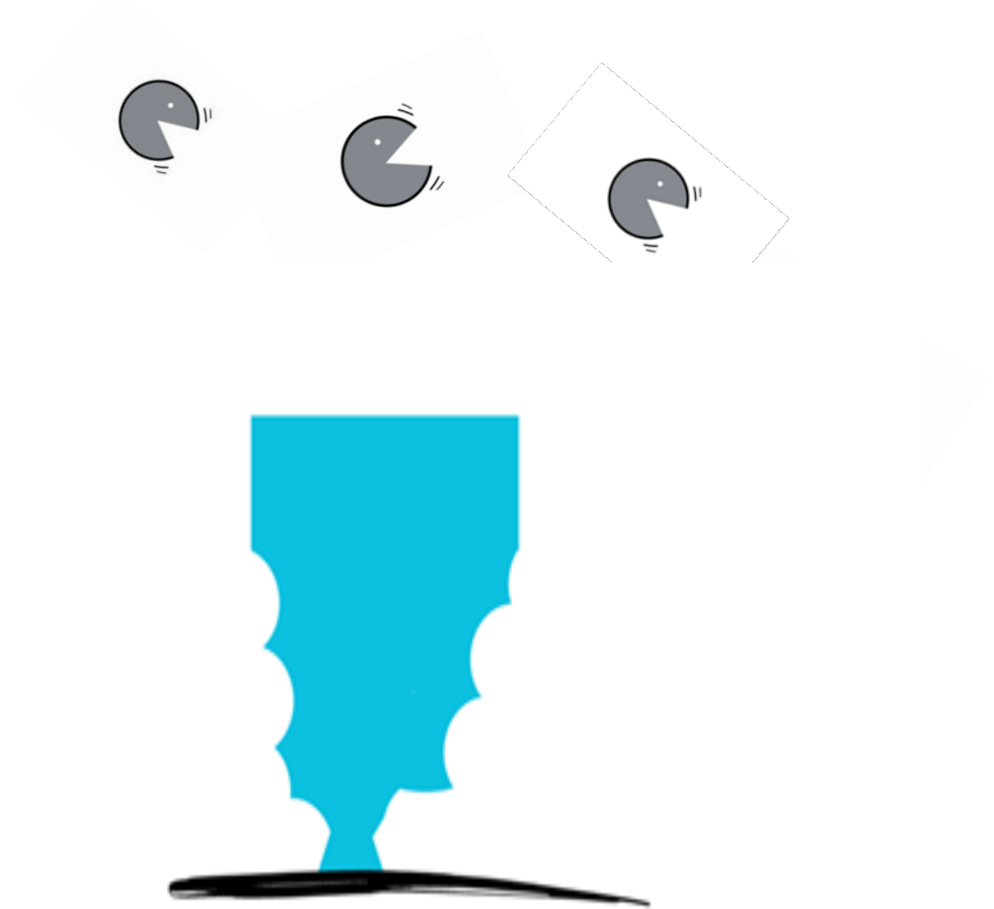


Fisheries Management, Legal, Community and other Services



*Delivering compliance services to fisheries – must be supported by well trained, well resourced, competent, effective MCS+E compliance implementers that are given the teeth to curb harmful fishing practices by tailored legislation and commensurate community practices

Unchecked Fishing



The Fisheries Resource



**Regional
Workshop**

Tanoa Int. Nadi, Fiji
29 April–3 May 2024



Pacific
Community
Communauté
du Pacifique

Breakout

- Who are those that do not comply with community fisheries rules and government regulations? (matrix)
- Why do these groups not comply?
- How can you manage these groups?
- Discuss the challenges and identify opportunities to address the challenges.





	Voluntary Inform, educate, engage, participate	Assisted reminding of responsibilities	Directed Pressure or <u>lower level</u> prosecution	Enforced Apply full extent of law
Non-compliant stakeholders				
From within community				
•				
•				
From outside community				
•				
•				
•				



Breakout

30:00



Start

Stop

Reset

mins: 30

secs: 0

type:

None

